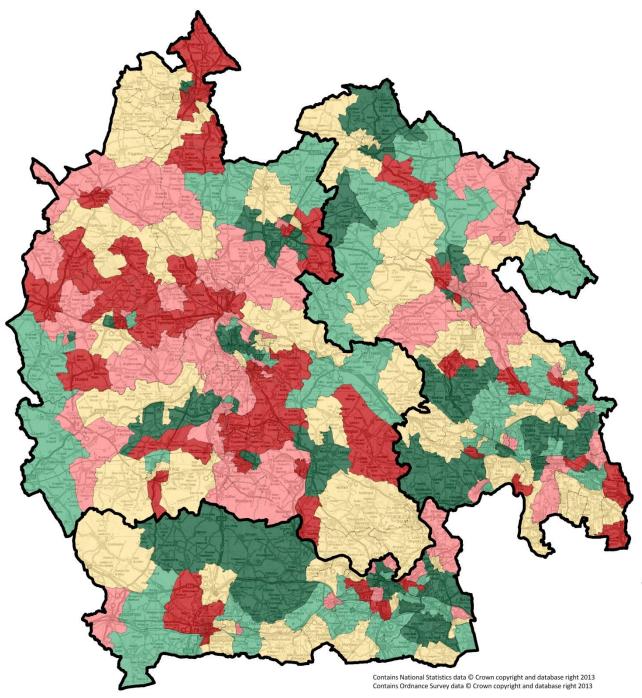
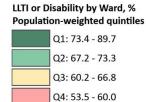
Limiting Long Term Illness or Disability



Produced by Buckinghamshire Public Health (publichealth@buckscc.gov.uk), 03May17



Q5: 33.0 - 53.3

Population-weighted quintile estimates from ward-level data in Local Health.

Quintile thresholds are adjusted to include all wards with tied indicator values. Wards are allocated to the 'better' quintile.

Limiting long term illness or disability

The worst quintile in BOB includes 59 wards (out of 293 wards with recorded data), and makes up 20.1% of the total population. Buckinghamshire has 12 wards in the worst quintile, and the worst ward in BOB, and these are;

- Booker and Cressex (293) worst ranked in BOB
- The Risboroughs (291)
- Denham (287)
- Great Missenden (282)
- Winslow (279)
- St Mary's and Waterside (278)
- Southcourt (277)
- Amersham-on-the-Hill (266)
- Gold Hill (265)
- Bourne End-cum-Hedsor (249)
- Iver Village & Richings Park (246)
- Riverside (241)

[Rank in brackets, where 293 is worst in BOB]

The population in each quintile, for this indicator, is as follows;

Quintile	Population	#Wards
Q1	334,715	55
Q2	335,562	57
Q3	333,906	65
Q4	329,838	57
Q5	336,071	59
Total	1,670,092	293

For this indicator 104,523 people in Bucks are in quintile 5 (31% of the quintile); this is as expected.

Notes on the indicator

No wards in BOB were suppressed for this indicator.

Methodology/Suppression: No suppression required. The overall indicator was calculated by aggregating 'activities limited a little' and 'a lot' categories. Limiting long term illness calculated by aggregating up Output Area data.

Definition: Number of people in the 2011 Census who reported that their day-to-day activities were limited because of a health problem or disability which has lasted, or is expected to last, at least 12 months. Reported as a percentage of the total number of respondents to the question.

Source: ONS 2011 Census downloaded from NOMIS standard tables (QS303EW).